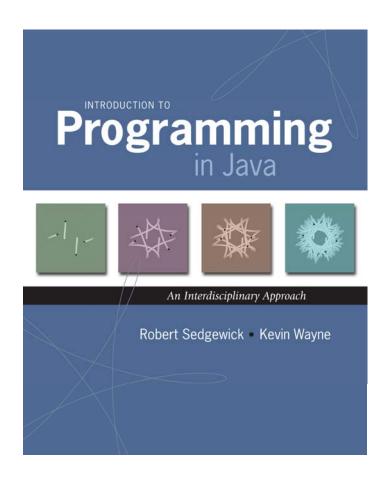


# 2.3 Recursion





#### Overview

What is recursion? When one function calls itself directly or indirectly.

#### Why learn recursion?

- New mode of thinking.
- Powerful programming paradigm.

#### Many computations are naturally self-referential.

- Mergesort, FFT, gcd.
- Linked data structures.
- A folder contains files and other folders.

Closely related to mathematical induction.



Reproductive Parts M. C. Escher, 1948



Gcd. Find largest integer that evenly divides into p and q.

Ex. gcd(4032, 1272) = 24.

$$4032 = 2^{6} \times 3^{2} \times 7^{1}$$

$$1272 = 2^{3} \times 3^{1} \times 53^{1}$$

$$gcd = 2^{3} \times 3^{1} = 24$$

#### Applications.

- Simplify fractions: 1272/4032 = 53/168.
- RSA cryptosystem.



Gcd. Find largest integer that evenly divides into p and q.

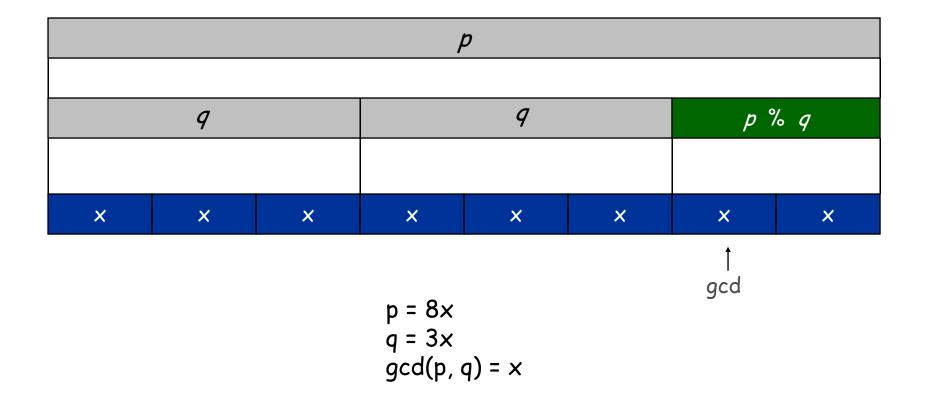
Euclid's algorithm. [Euclid 300 BCE]

$$\gcd(p,q) = \begin{cases} p & \text{if } q = 0 \\ \gcd(q, p \% q) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \begin{array}{l} \longleftarrow & \text{base case} \\ \longleftarrow & \text{reduction step,} \\ \text{converges to base case} \end{cases}$$

```
gcd(4032, 1272) = gcd(1272, 216)
= gcd(216, 192)
= gcd(192, 24)
= gcd(24, 0)
= 24.
```

Gcd. Find largest integer d that evenly divides into p and q.

$$\gcd(p,q) = \begin{cases} p & \text{if } q = 0 \\ \gcd(q, p \% q) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \leftarrow \quad \text{base case} \\ \leftarrow \quad \text{reduction step,} \\ \text{converges to base case} \end{cases}$$



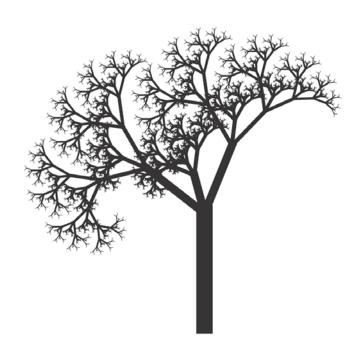
#### Gcd. Find largest integer d that evenly divides into p and q.

$$\gcd(p,q) = \begin{cases} p & \text{if } q = 0 \\ \gcd(q, p \% q) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \leftarrow \quad \text{base case} \\ \leftarrow \quad \text{reduction step,} \\ \text{converges to base case} \end{cases}$$

#### Java implementation.



# Recursive Graphics





#### Fruits of Design, Certified Organic

Certified Organic

BY Tremital time at the Cooper Beeth Natural Decision of the Cooper Beeth Natural Natural

Continued on Page 51



From "I'he Yale Book of Quotations" to "Postcards From Mars," a selection of the best holiday books.

#### The Gifts to Open Again and Again

From the try this, and I'm decking it were. It's a list of the qualities that make the sheal heliday benk, and if a classification than the control of the qualities that make the sheal heliday benk, and if a crearfully considering the heads of the times a post. I can be a control of the con dreds of pages and thousands of photographs, to the big grown-up New York of the Lipstick Building, countless Trump projects and the new Tweed Guuribouse. At 1,530 pages and 10 pounds 12 sources, "New York

Continued on Page 46





# IN RANDY KENNEDY The rest of degree Last Regrey's descinations should be a young. Turksho strate council defense a 20th contary French writer seeks of the Colonies, and the contary French writer seeks of the Colonies, and the contary French writer seeks of the Colonies, and the contary French writer seeks of the Colonies, and the Colonies and Black, White and Read All Over Over

#### Divine and Devotee Meet Across Hinges

WASHINITON — For includence, dail 5x Agolinist ASAP. Beril It were prode in waste and the second of the second of

To European Christians half a millen-nium ago, the Virgin and a rafi of famil-ars aints were the exalted personnel in a kind of celestial welfare system, avail-able to all believers. And one quick way to access its benefits was through dove-tional pasting of the Kald Sount in "Pray-landab Dipt yell" at the National Gallery of Art.

of Art.

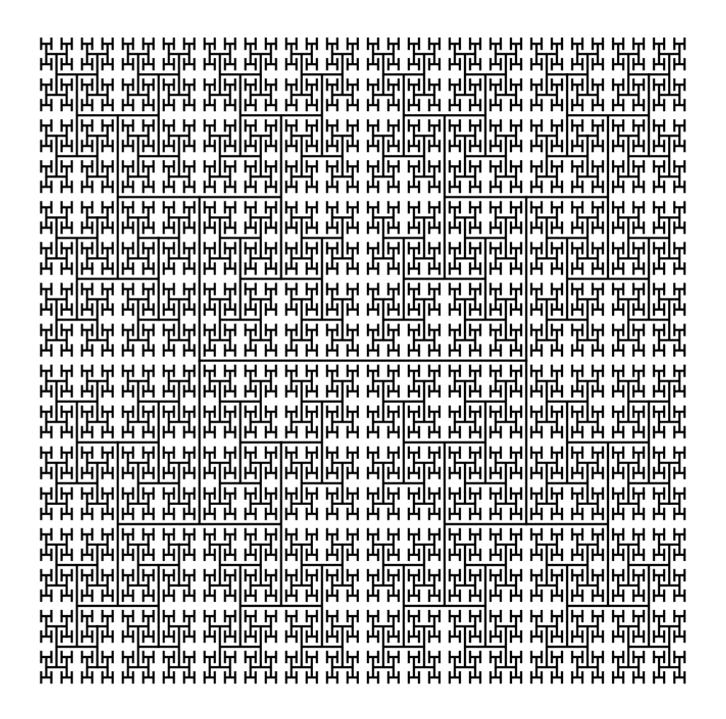
Probably nothing in Westorn art
comes closer to formal perfection than
these pictures, produced by the likes of
Jan van Eyek, Rogier van der Weyden
and litige van der Gees across an area
that now encompasses the Nether lands,
Belgium, Luxembourg and parts of

France. These painters were pictorial France. These painters were pictorial magiciars, creating visual worlds, cosmically abstract and microscopically realistic, of peer less breadth. You see all of this in one plannes at the 40 double-panel paintings, or diptychs, here. Then you learn gradually as you move through the show how diptych paintings have been unrande and re-

paintings have been unmade and re-made, broken up and reconfigured, over the centuries, with the result that few survive in their intended form. "Prayers and Portraits" is an attempt to restore that form, at least to a few of them. It brings art historians and art Continued on Page 44



Prayers and Portraits: National Gallery of National National Gallery Art in Washingto through Feb. 4.



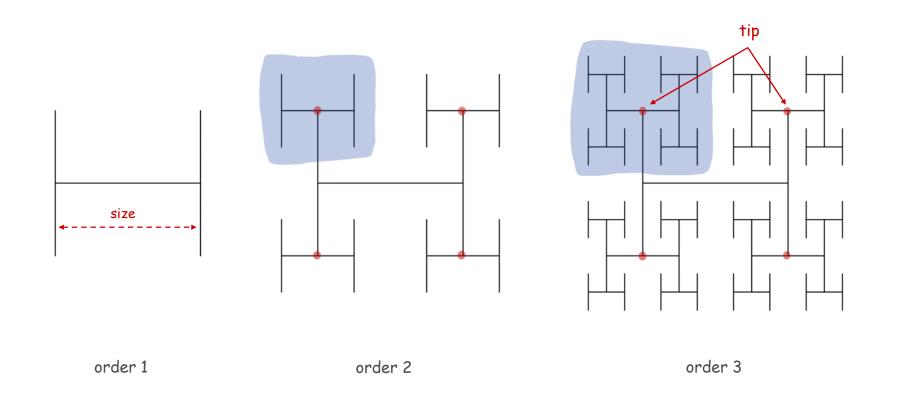


#### Htree

### H-tree of order n.

and half the size

- Draw an H.
- Recursively draw 4 H-trees of order n-1, one connected to each tip.



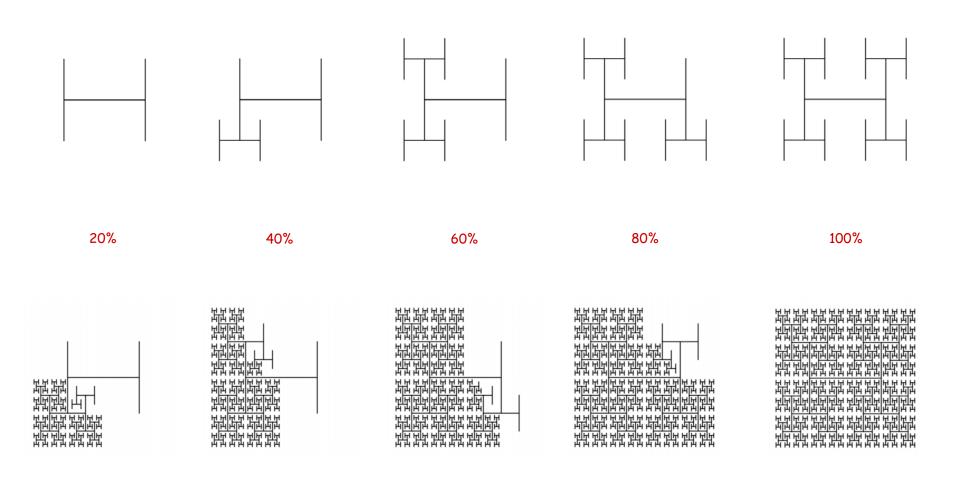
#### Htree in Java

```
public class Htree {
   public static void draw(int n, double sz, double x, double y) {
      if (n == 0) return;
      double x0 = x - sz/2, x1 = x + sz/2;
      double y0 = y - sz/2, y1 = y + sz/2;
      StdDraw.line(x0, y, x1, y);
                                        \leftarrow draw the H, centered on (x, y)
      StdDraw.line(x0, y0, x0, y1);
      StdDraw.line(x1, y0, x1, y1);
                                        ← recursively draw 4 half-size Hs
      draw(n-1, sz/2, x0, y0);
      draw(n-1, sz/2, x0, y1);
      draw(n-1, sz/2, x1, y0);
      draw(n-1, sz/2, x1, y1);
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      int n = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
      draw(n, .5, .5, .5);
```

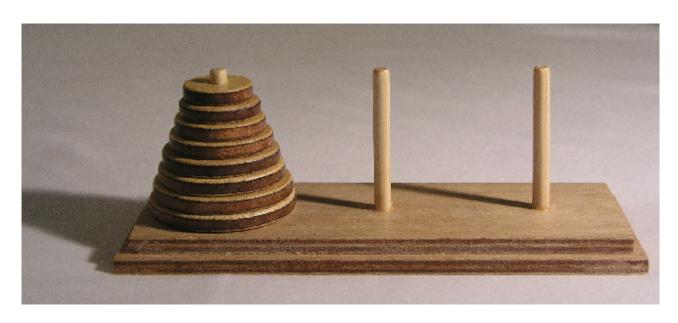


#### Animated H-tree

### Animated H-tree. Pause for 1 second after drawing each H.



# Towers of Hanoi



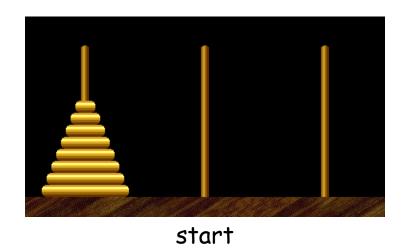
http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Image:Hanoiklein.jpg

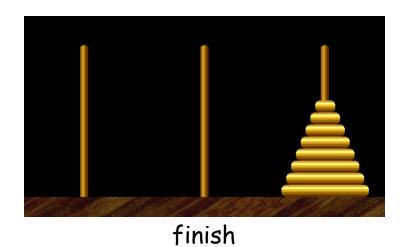


#### Towers of Hanoi

#### Move all the discs from the leftmost peg to the rightmost one.

- Only one disc may be moved at a time.
- A disc can be placed either on empty peg or on top of a larger disc.







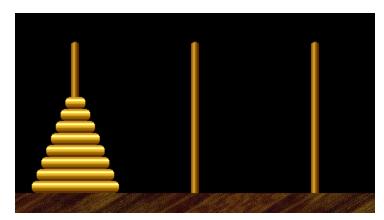
Towers of Hanoi demo



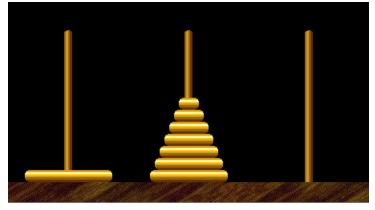
Edouard Lucas (1883)



#### Towers of Hanoi: Recursive Solution



Move n-1 smallest discs right.

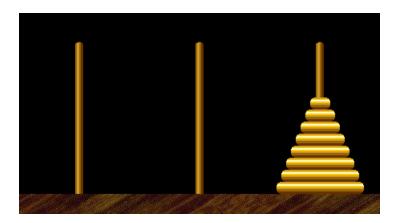


Move largest disc left.

cyclic wrap-around



Move n-1 smallest discs right.



### Towers of Hanoi Legend

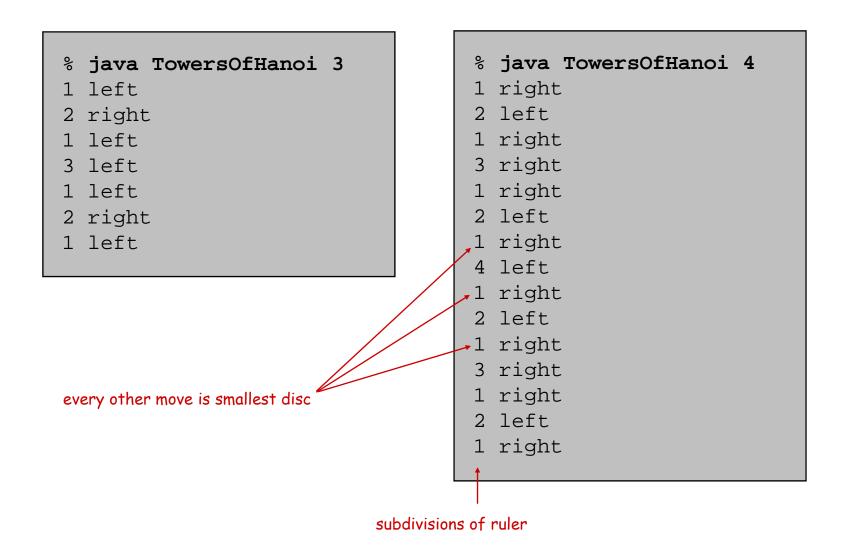
- Q. Is world going to end (according to legend)?
  - 64 golden discs on 3 diamond pegs.
  - World ends when certain group of monks accomplish task.
- Q. Will computer algorithms help?

#### Towers of Hanoi: Recursive Solution

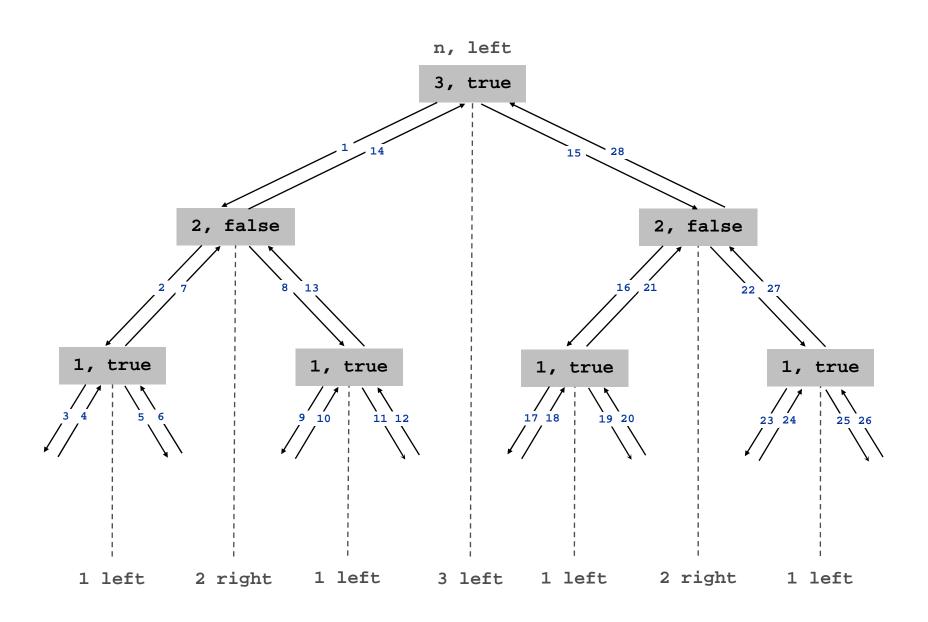
```
public class TowersOfHanoi {
  public static void moves(int n, boolean left) {
      if (n == 0) return;
     moves(n-1, !left);
      if (left) System.out.println(n + " left");
      else System.out.println(n + " right");
     moves(n-1, !left);
  public static void main(String[] args) {
      int N = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
     moves(N, true);
```

moves(n, true): move discs 1 to n one pole to the left moves(n, false): move discs 1 to n one pole to the right

#### Towers of Hanoi: Recursive Solution



#### Towers of Hanoi: Recursion Tree





#### Towers of Hanoi: Properties of Solution

#### Remarkable properties of recursive solution.

- Takes 2<sup>n</sup> 1 moves to solve n disc problem.
- Sequence of discs is same as subdivisions of ruler.
- Every other move involves smallest disc.

#### Recursive algorithm yields non-recursive solution!

• Alternate between two moves:

- to left if n is odd
- move smallest disc to right if n is even
- make only legal move not involving smallest disc

#### Recursive algorithm may reveal fate of world.

- Takes 585 billion years for n = 64 (at rate of 1 disc per second).
- Reassuring fact: any solution takes at least this long!



### Divide-and-Conquer

#### Divide-and-conquer paradigm.

- Break up problem into smaller subproblems of same structure.
- Solve subproblems recursively using same method.
- Combine results to produce solution to original problem.

Divide et impera. Veni, vidi, vici. - Julius Caesar

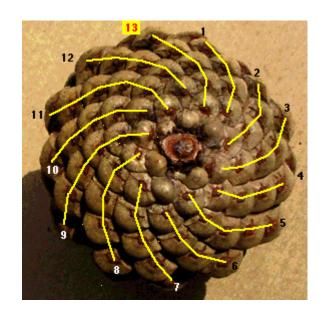
## Many important problems succumb to divide-and-conquer.

- FFT for signal processing.
- Parsers for programming languages.
- Multigrid methods for solving PDEs.
- Quicksort and mergesort for sorting.
- Hilbert curve for domain decomposition.
- Quad-tree for efficient N-body simulation.
- Midpoint displacement method for fractional Brownian motion.

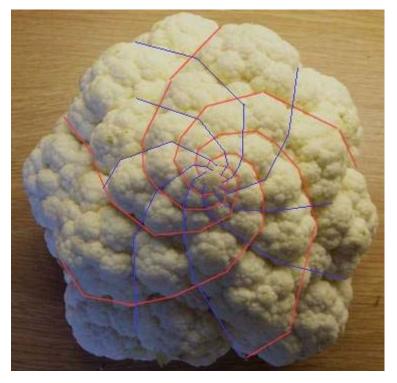
# Fibonacci Numbers



### Fibonacci Numbers and Nature



pinecone



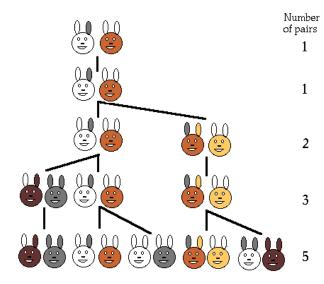
cauliflower



#### Fibonacci Numbers

Fibonacci numbers. 0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, ...

$$F(n) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } n = 0 \\ 1 & \text{if } n = 1 \\ F(n-1) + F(n-2) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$



Fibonacci rabbits



L. P. Fibonacci (1170 - 1250)



#### A Possible Pitfall With Recursion

Fibonacci numbers. 0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, ...

$$F(n) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } n = 0 \\ 1 & \text{if } n = 1 \\ F(n-1) + F(n-2) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$FYI: \text{ classic math}$$

$$F(n) = \frac{\phi^n - (1 - \phi)^n}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$$= \lfloor \phi^n / \sqrt{5} \rfloor$$

FYI: classic math

$$F(n) = \frac{\phi^n - (1 - \phi)^n}{\sqrt{5}}$$
$$= \left\lfloor \phi^n / \sqrt{5} \right\rfloor$$

 $\phi$  = golden ratio  $\approx 1.618$ 

#### A natural for recursion?

```
public static long F(int n) {
   if (n == 0) return 0;
   if (n == 1) return 1;
   return F(n-1) + F(n-2);
```

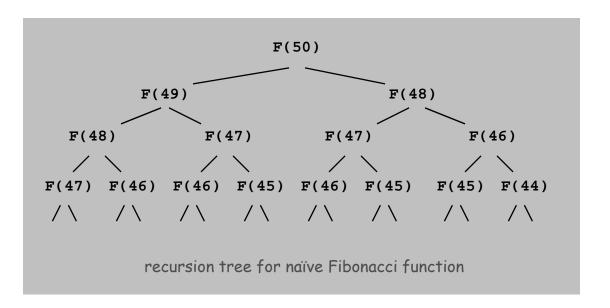


### Recursion Challenge 1 (difficult but important)

Q. Is this an efficient way to compute F(50)?

```
public static long F(int n) {
   if (n == 0) return 0;
   if (n == 1) return 1;
   return F(n-1) + F(n-2);
}
```

A. No, no, no! This code is spectacularly inefficient.



F(50) is called once.

F(49) is called once.

F(48) is called 2 times.

F(47) is called 3 times.

F(46) is called 5 times.

F(45) is called 8 times.

• •

F(1) is called 12,586,269,025 times.

F(50)

### Recursion Challenge 2 (easy and also important)

Q. Is this an efficient way to compute F(50)?

```
public static long(int n) {
   long[] F = new long[n+1];
   F[0] = 0; F[1] = 1;
   for (int i = 2; i <= n; i++)
        F[i] = F[i-1] + F[i-2];
   return F[n];
}</pre>
```

A. Yes. This code does it with 50 additions.Lesson. Don't use recursion to engage in exponential waste.

Context. This is a special case of an important programming technique known as dynamic programming (stay tuned).



#### Summary

#### How to write simple recursive programs?

- Base case, reduction step.
- Trace the execution of a recursive program.
- Use pictures.



#### Why learn recursion?

Towers of Hanoi by W. A. Schloss.

- New mode of thinking.
- Powerful programming tool.

Divide-and-conquer. Elegant solution to many important problems.

# Extra Slides

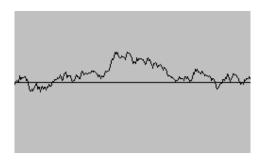
# Fractional Brownian Motion

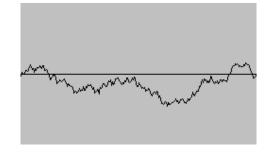


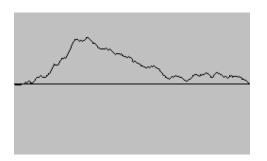
#### Fractional Brownian Motion

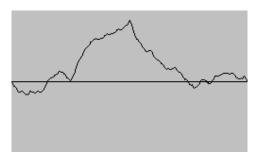
#### Physical process which models many natural and artificial phenomenon.

- Price of stocks.
- Dispersion of ink flowing in water.
- Rugged shapes of mountains and clouds.
- Fractal landscapes and textures for computer graphics.







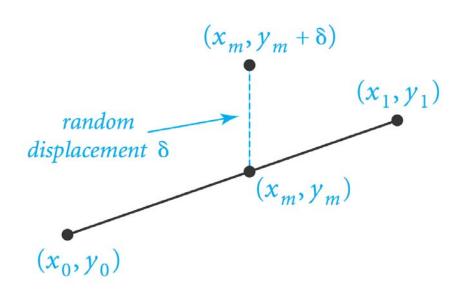




### Simulating Brownian Motion

#### Midpoint displacement method.

- Maintain an interval with endpoints  $(x_0, y_0)$  and  $(x_1, y_1)$ .
- Divide the interval in half.
- Choose  $\delta$  at random from Gaussian distribution.
- Set  $x_m = (x_0 + x_1)/2$  and  $y_m = (y_0 + y_1)/2 + \delta$ .
- Recur on the left and right intervals.





### Simulating Brownian Motion: Java Implementation

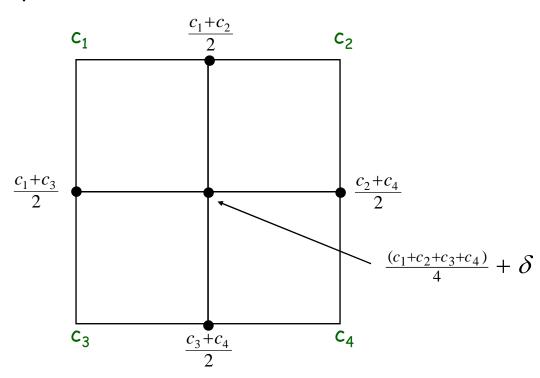
#### Midpoint displacement method.

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- Divide the interval in half.
- Choose  $\delta$  at random from Gaussian distribution.
- Set  $x_m = (x_0 + x_1)/2$  and  $y_m = (y_0 + y_1)/2 + \delta$ .
- Recur on the left and right intervals.

#### Plasma Cloud

#### Plasma cloud centered at (x, y) of size s.

- Each corner labeled with some grayscale value.
- Divide square into four quadrants.
- The grayscale of each new corner is the average of others.
  - center: average of the four corners + random displacement
  - others: average of two original corners
- Recur on the four quadrants.





## Plasma Cloud





## Brown



Robert Brown (1773-1858)

#### **Brownian Motion**



(Brown University Men's Ultimate Frisbee Team)